

## IN THE CLAIMS

Please replace any previous listing of the claims with the following replacement listing of the claims:

### **Replacement Listing of the Claims**

1-43. (Canceled)

44. (Previously presented) A method for automatic control of window overlap , comprising:

automatically determining priorities of each window of a plurality of overlapping windows displayed on a graphical user interface, wherein said window priority is derived from a topic of each window of said plurality of windows and said topic of said window is determined by a frequency of occurrence of at least one keyword in said window; and

automatically arranging said plurality of windows to overlap one another in order of said priority on said graphical user interface,

wherein said priority of said window is assigned based on a priority of said topic, and said priority of said topic is determined based on a number of times a window having said topic is accessed.

45. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 44, further comprising:

automatically sizing said windows on said graphical user interface according to said priority.

46. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 44, further comprising:

automatically positioning said windows on said graphical user interface according to said priority.

47. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 44, wherein said windows are automatically re-arranged only when a redrawing function is selected by a user.

48. (Canceled)

49. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 44, further comprising:

automatically displaying for said window in a color according to said priority on said graphical user interface.

50. (Canceled)

51. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 44, wherein said content of said window is determined by a content label assigned by a user.

52. (Currently amended) A The method according to claim 44, further for automatic control of window overlap, comprising:

automatically determining priorities of each window of a plurality of overlapping windows displayed on a graphical user interface, wherein said window priority is derived from a topic of each window of said plurality of

windows and said topic of said window is determined by a frequency of occurrence of at least one keyword in said window;

automatically arranging said plurality of windows to overlap one another in order of said priority on said graphical user interface,

wherein said priority of said window is assigned based on a priority of said topic, and said priority of said topic is determined based on a number of times a window having said topic is accessed; and

automatically re-arranging icons that are in a task bar on said graphical user interface and that correspond to said overlapping windows so that said icons overlap one another in order of said priority ~~in a task bar on said graphical user interface.~~

53. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 44, further comprising:

automatically arranging icons so that said icons overlap one another in order of said priority on a desktop on said graphical user interface.

54-62. (Canceled)

63. (Previously presented) A method for automatic control of window overlap based on a user's history of window use, comprising:

automatically determining a priority of each window of a plurality of overlapping windows displayed on a graphical user interface, wherein said priority is derived from an amount of time during which scrolling is performed on a window, wherein said scrolling includes dragging contents of a window to reveal additional contents; and

automatically arranging said plurality of windows to overlap one another in order of said priority on said graphical user interface.

64. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 63 further comprising storing one or more of said criteria.

65. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 63, further comprising:

automatically sizing said windows on said graphical user interface according to said priority.

66. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 63, further comprising:

automatically positioning said windows on said graphical user interface according to said priority.

67. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 63, wherein said windows are automatically re-arranged only when a redrawing function is selected by a user.

68. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 63, further comprising:

automatically displaying said window in a color according to said priority on said graphical user interface.

69. (Currently amended) A. The method according to claim 63, further for automatic control of window overlap based on a user's history of window use, comprising:

automatically determining a priority of each window of a plurality of overlapping windows displayed on a graphical user interface, wherein said priority is derived from an amount of time during which scrolling is performed on a window, wherein said scrolling includes dragging contents of a window to reveal additional contents;

automatically arranging said plurality of windows to overlap one another in order of said priority on said graphical user interface; and

automatically re-arranging icons that are in a task bar on said graphical user interface and that correspond to said overlapping windows so that said icons overlap one another in order of said priority in a task bar on said graphical user interface.

70. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 63, further comprising:

automatically arranging icons so that said icons overlap one another in order of said priority on a desktop on said graphical user interface.

71. (Previously presented) A method for automatic control of window overlap, comprising:

automatically determining priorities of each window of a plurality of overlapping windows displayed on a graphical user interface; and

automatically arranging said plurality of windows to overlap one another in order of said priority on said graphical user interface,

wherein said window priority is derived from a topic of each window of said plurality of windows,

wherein said topic of each window is determined by at least one keyword and said window priority is determined from a topic priority,

wherein said topic priority is determined by a number of times a window

having said topic is accessed, and

wherein said window priority is determined by i) scanning said window for said at least one keyword and determining a frequency of said at least one keyword in said window to determine said topic of said window, and ii) assigning a priority based on said topic priority.